

Google Web Toolkit

for quick relief of AJAX pain.

Kelly Norton &
Miguel Méndez



Overview

the pleasure of using AJAX apps.

the pain of creating them.

getting some pain relief with GWT.

the tutorial part.

questions.



The pleasure of AJAX



The pleasure of AJAX (for users)

familiar web feeling with greatly improved user experience.

no installation.

safer.



The pleasure of AJAX (for servers)

UI state is maintained on client.

fewer bits go down the wire.

leverages client CPU and RAM.



The pain of AJAX.



The pain of AJAX.

JavaScript is an elegant, expressive disaster.

...with poor IDE support.

...and inadequate debuggers.



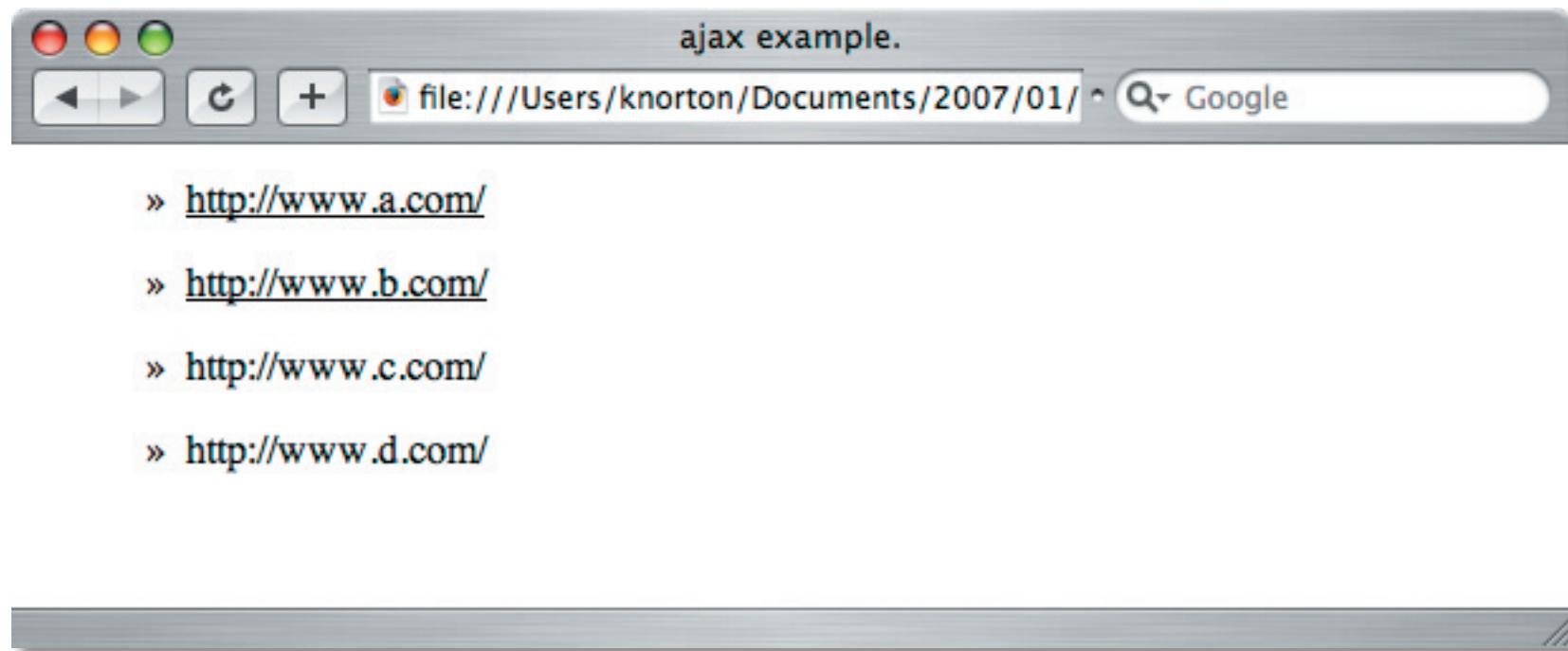
The pain of AJAX.

```
function createLinksForUrls(listOfUrls) {  
    for (var i=0;i<listOfUrls.length;++i) {  
        var a = listOfUrls[i];  
        createLink(a).onclick = function() {  
            return confirm("Browse to " + a + "?");  
        };  
    }  
};
```



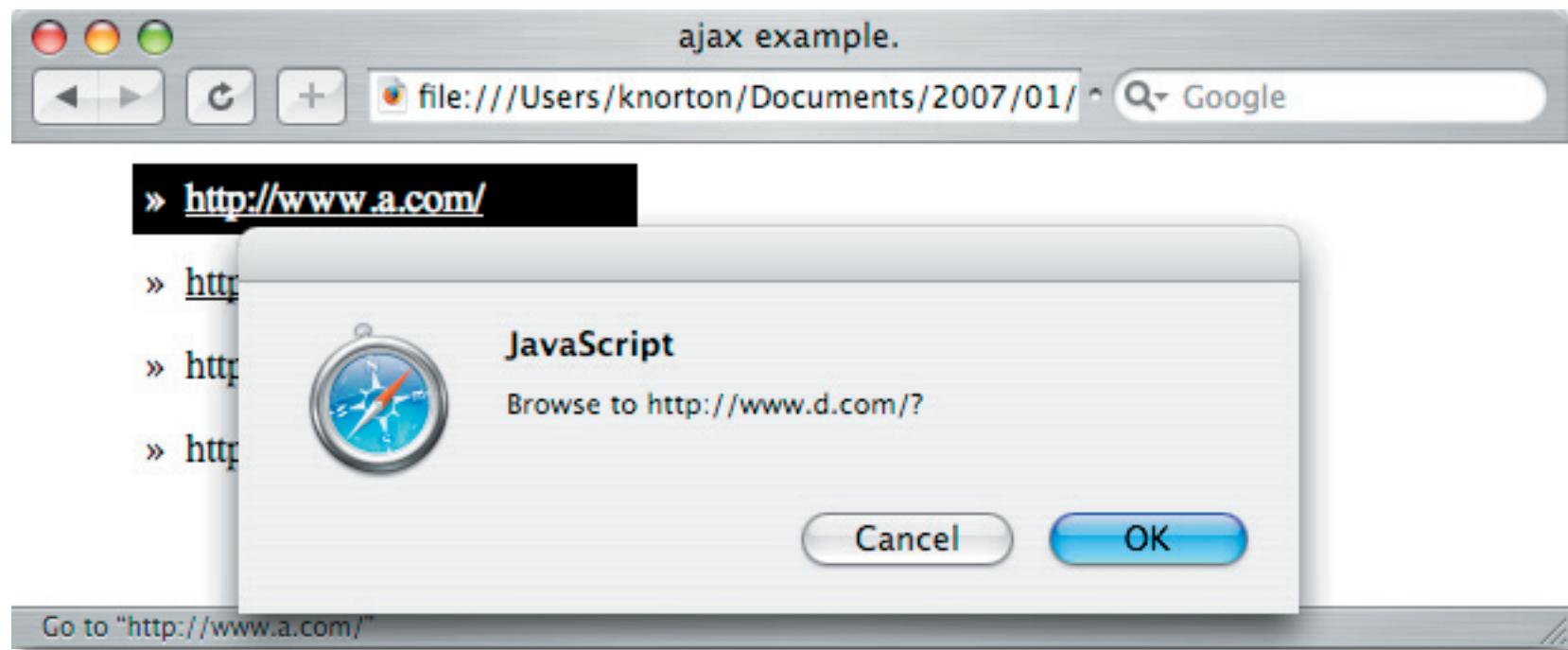
The pain of AJAX.

looks good, let's click on one.



The pain of AJAX.

curse you, binding rules!



The pain of AJAX.

```
function createLinksForUrls(listOfUrls) {  
    for (var i=0;i<listOfUrls.length;++i) {  
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            return confirm("Browse to " + a + "?");  
        };  
    }  
};
```



The pain of AJAX.

```
/* elegant? */ ;(function() {
    document.addEventListener('keyup',
        (function() {
            var kh = function(e) { /* key handler */ };
            window.unload = (function(onunload) {
                var ul = function() {
                    document.removeEventListener(
                        'keyup', kh, true);
                };
                return function() {
                    ul.call(window);
                    if (onunload)
                        onunload.call(window);
                };
            })(window.unlaod);
            return kh; })(), true); })();
```



The pain of AJAX.

```
/* expressive? */ ;(function() {
    document.addEventListener('keyup',
        (function() {
            var kh = function(e) { /* key handler */ };
            window.unload = (function(onunload) {
                var ul = function() {
                    document.removeEventListener(
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                };
                return function() {
                    ul.call(window);
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                        onunload.call(window);
                };
            })();
            })(window.unlaod);
            return kh; })(), true); })();
```



The pain of AJAX.

tools and IDE's

...they're getting better.

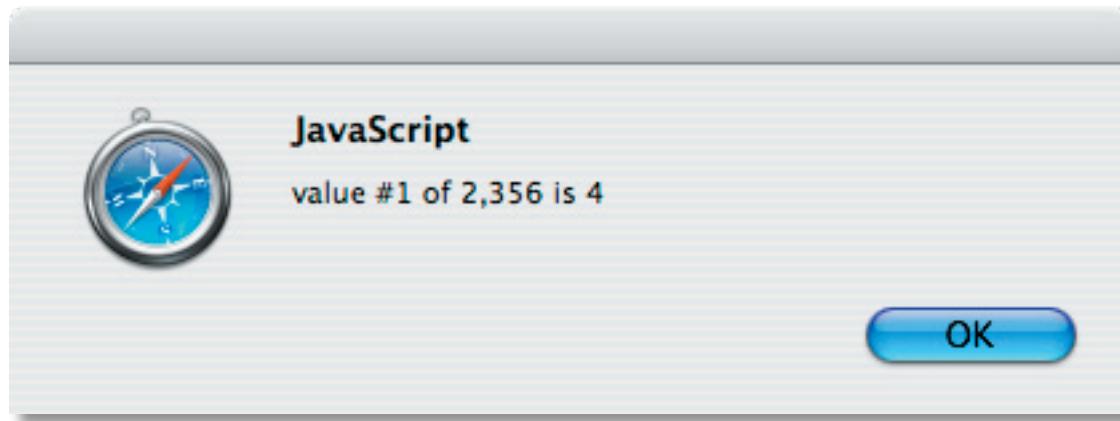
...try to depend on common idioms.

...but there's a limit to how good
they can get.



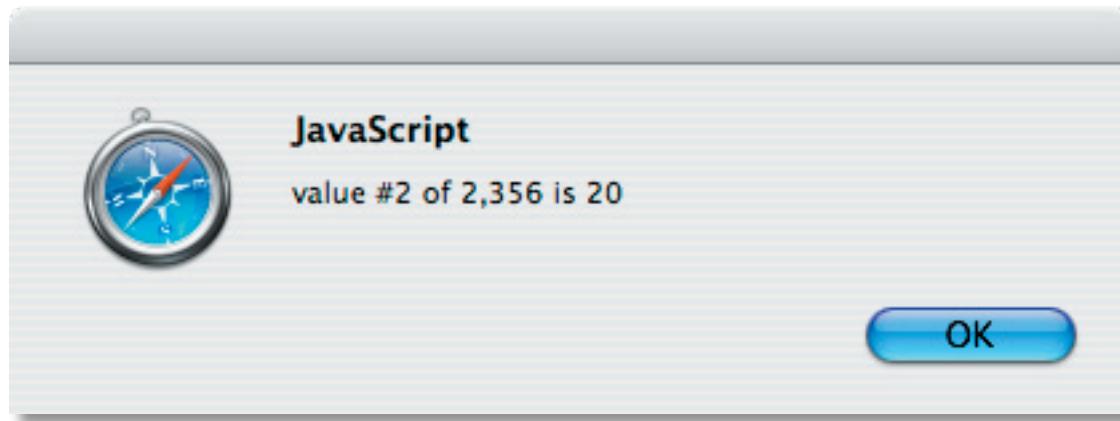
The pain of AJAX.

and let's not get started on
debugging.



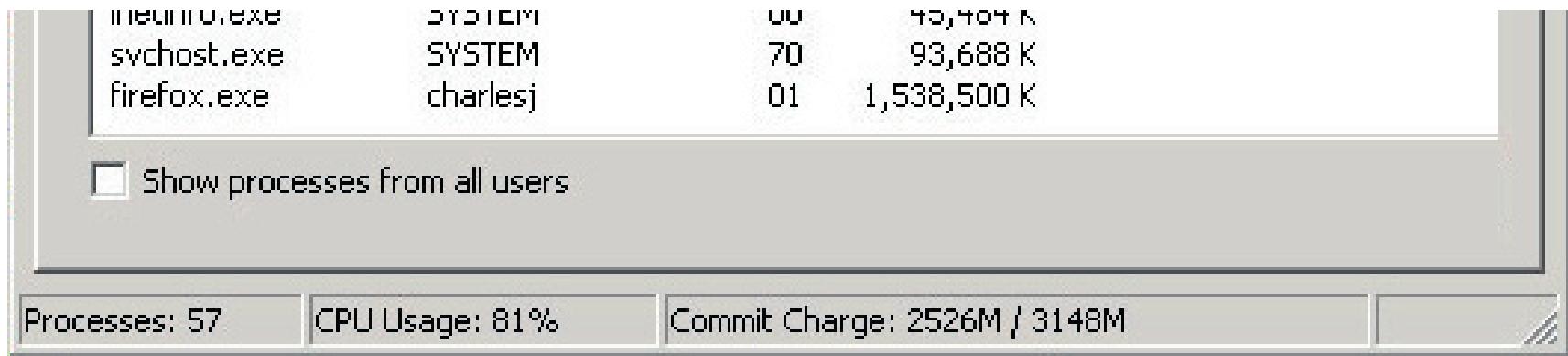
The pain of AJAX.

no seriously, this could take a while.



The pain of AJAX.

then there are memory “leaks”



and contrary to popular belief, they
all seem to leak.



The pain of AJAX.

ok, that's javascript. here's a more thorough list of what's involved (we'll use regexp, to keep it short):

- HTTPS?, [DX]?HTML (3.2|4.0),
- CSS[1-3]
- DOM Level[0-3]
- (Java|ECMA|J|VB)Script
- (X|VR?|Math)ML
- SVG, Canvas, Flash
- JSONP?, SOAP, XML-RPC



The pain of AJAX.

oh, don't forget to make the back
and forward buttons work properly.



quick relief of AJAX pain



quick relief of AJAX pain

in four easy steps...

- ① write your apps in java, using a UI lib that looks like a UI lib, and use javascript if you need to.
- ② use a standard java debugger and run your unit tests in junit.
- ③ compile and deploy.
- ④ profit.



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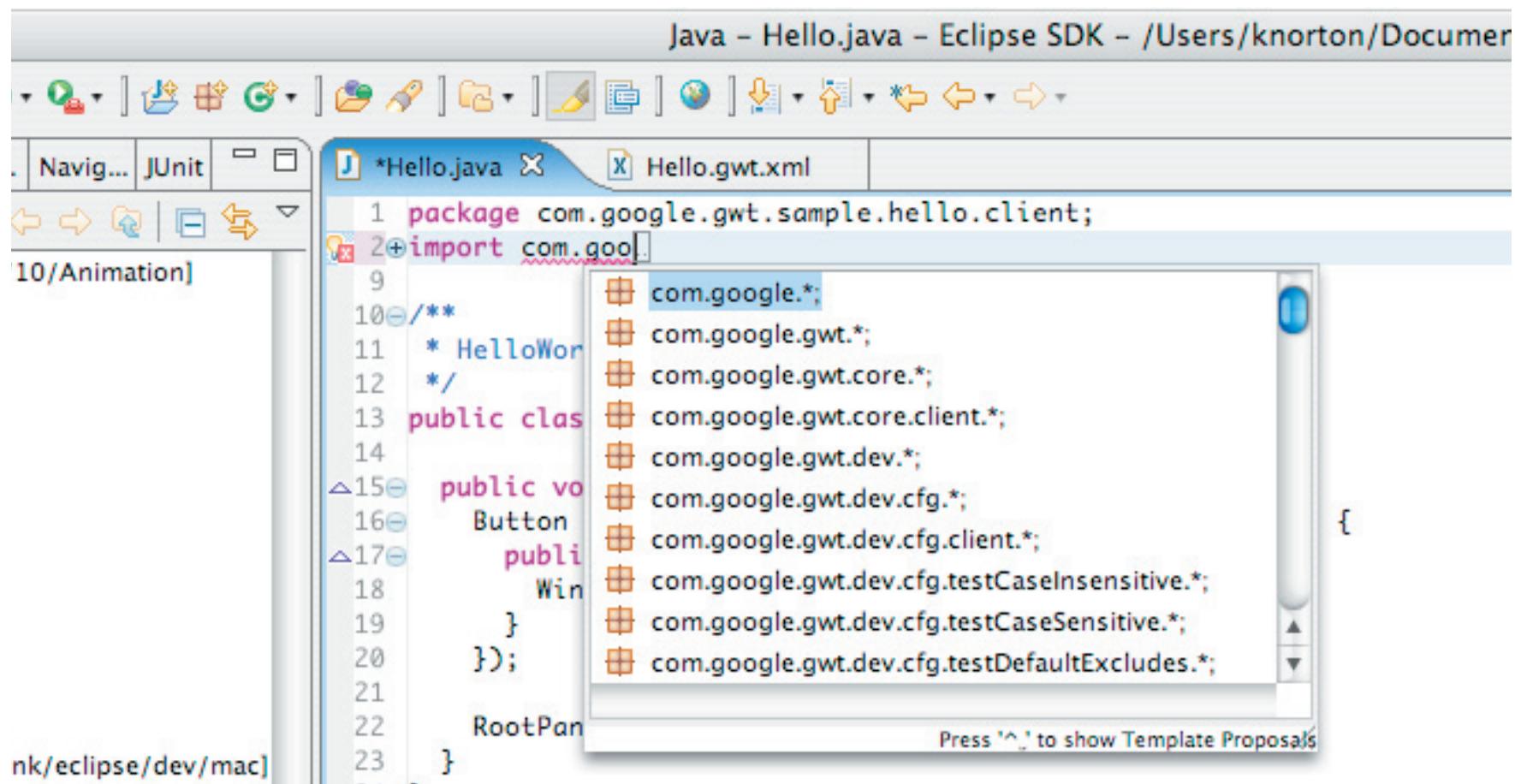
STEP #1: writing in java...

```
public class Hello implements EntryPoint {  
    public void onModuleLoad() {  
  
        Button b = new Button("Click me",  
            new ClickListener() {  
                public void onClick(Widget sender) {  
                    Window.alert("Hello, AJAX");  
                }  
            } );  
  
        RootPanel.get().add(b);  
    }  
}
```



quick relief of AJAX pain

really writing in java...



The screenshot shows the Eclipse IDE interface with the title bar "Java - Hello.java - Eclipse SDK - /Users/knorton/Docume". The left sidebar includes "Navig...", "JUnit", and "10/Animation". The main editor window displays Java code for "Hello.java" and "Hello.gwt.xml". The code starts with package and import statements. A code completion dropdown menu is open over the "import" statement, listing various GWT packages like com.google.* and com.google.gwt.core.client.*. A status bar at the bottom right says "Press '^' to show Template Proposals".

```
1 package com.google.gwt.sample.hello.client;
2 import com.goo...
3
4 /**
5  * HelloWor
6  */
7 public clas
8
9
10 /**
11  * HelloWor
12  */
13 public clas
14
15 public vo
16     Button
17     publi
18     Win
19 }
20 })
21
22 RootPan
23 }
```



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but, if we missed something... JSNI.

```
public native void appendToFoo(String s) /*-{  
    var parent = $doc.getElementById("foo");  
    var child = $doc.createTextNode(s);  
    parent.appendChild(child);  
}-*/;
```



Duo Sayer
Ludwig von Beethoven
Richard Feynman
Alan Turing
John von Neumann

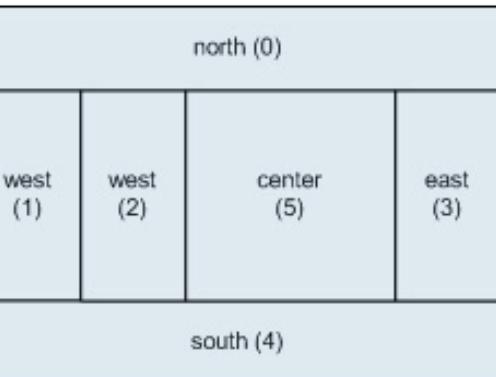
 Richard Feynman
richard@example.com

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but for most UI, we already have it covered.

Normal Check Disabled Check

Choice 1 Choice 2 (Disabled)



[Info](#) [Buttons](#) [Menus](#) [Images](#) [Layouts](#)

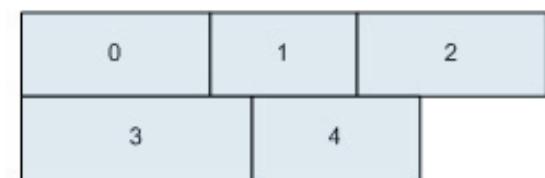
foo@example.com

- Inbox
- Drafts
- Templates

[Style](#) [Fruit](#) [Term](#)

[Bold](#) [Italicized](#) [More »](#) [Code](#) [Strikethrough](#) [Underlined](#)

0	1	2
0	1	2
0	1	2



About the Mail Sample

Google™

This sample app construction of a GWT's built-in widgets see how easy it is

[Close](#)

Mail

Tasks

Get groceries
 Walk the dog

Contacts



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UI framework also properly detaches nodes so that memory leaks are greatly reduced.

this happens as you go, because ignoring long running applications is not really an option. I mean, we are looking at apps that stay in the browser for days, not seconds.



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and, of course, they work with css.



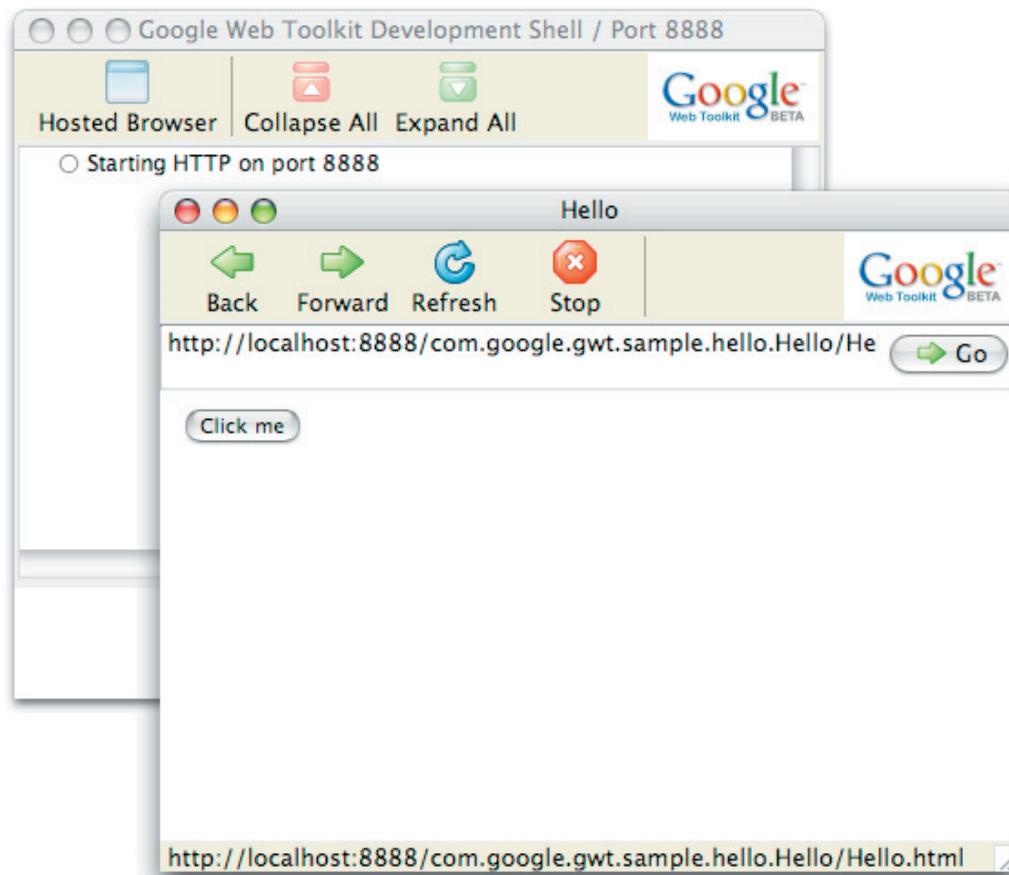
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and we even have a History class to tend to the pesky back and forward buttons.



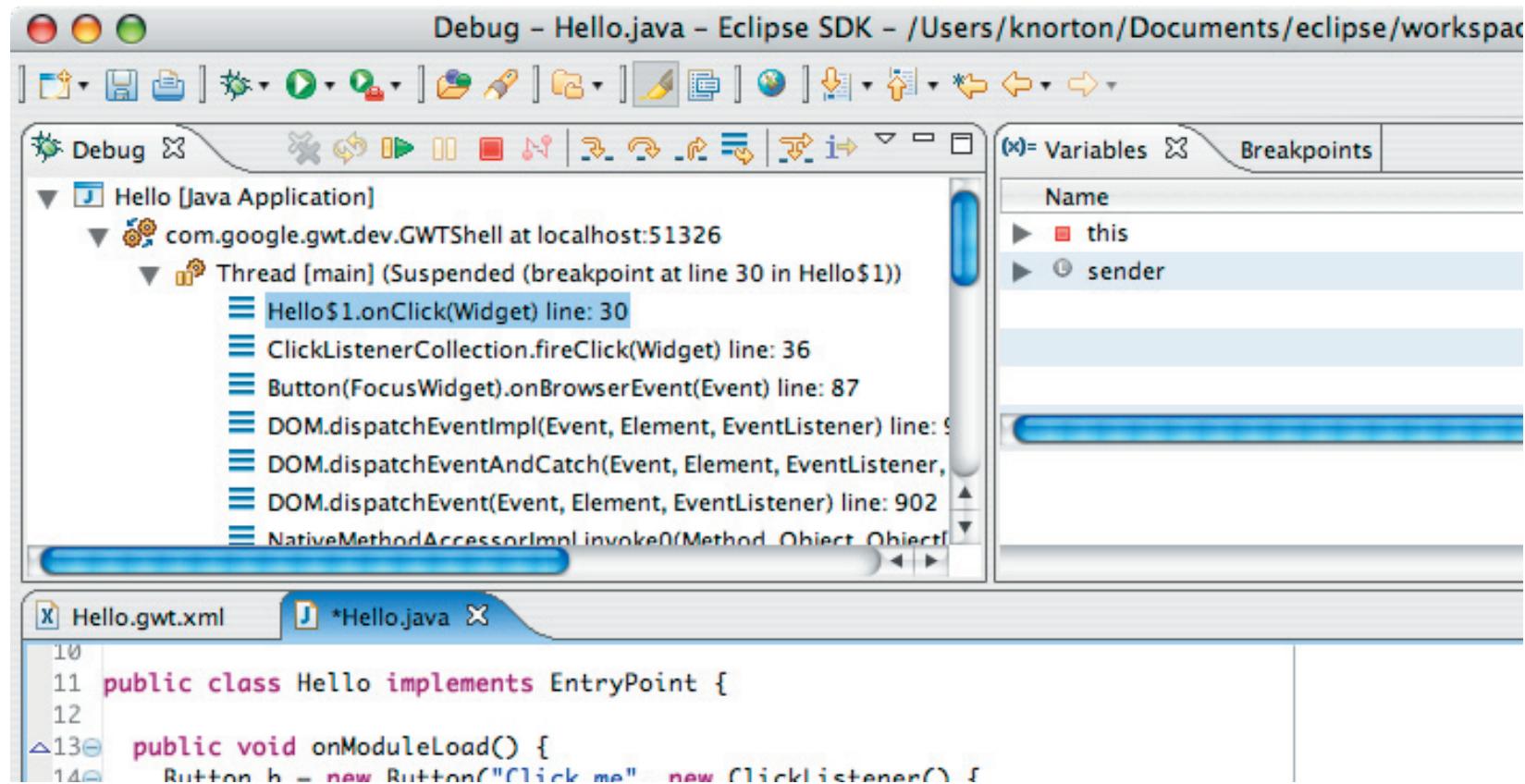
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STEP #2: debugging, real browser



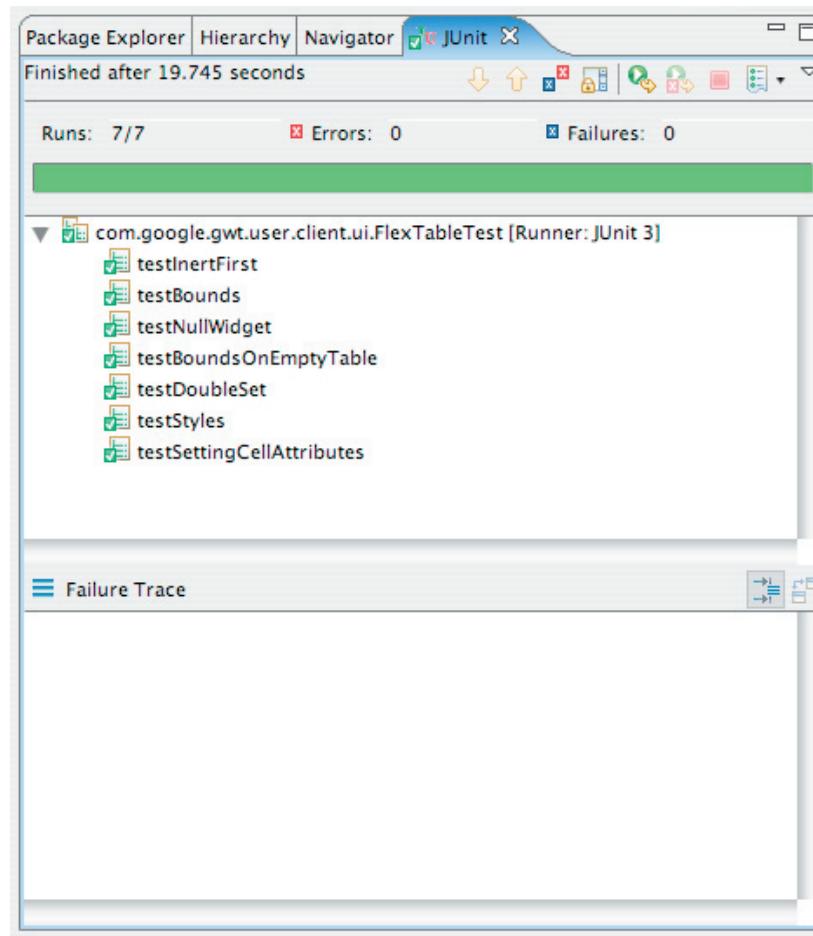
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...and real debugger



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...even your favorite junit runner



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STEP #3: compile.

the GWT compiler works off of java source (uses JDT at the front end).

many of the standard JRE classes are available.

some are not, including reflection and dynamic class loading. why not?...



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we're crazy about optimization.

whole program optimization, with
inlining, dead code removal, type
tightening, etc.

for example:

```
Shape s = new Circle(2); // radius of 2
double a = s.getArea();
```

becomes:

```
Circle s = new Circle(2); // radius of 2
double a = (s.radius * s.radius * Math.PI);
```



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we do a number on the javascript;
you have better source now.

```
function ne(oe){var pe=qe(new  
re(),'Click me',se(new  
te(),oe));ue(ve(),pe);}  
function xe(ye){ze('Hello, AJAX');}
```



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plus a lot of *advanced* features:

deferred binding - allows you to precompile for different runtime properties.

generators - do code generation at compile time (we use this for i18n, RPC, junit).



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STEP #4: Profit

this one is left as exercise for the reader.



let's build chattr.



to play along at home:

<http://code.google.com/p/gwt-eclipsecon-chat/>

(template project is available as a download)



thanks for watching.

We're on google code,

<http://code.google.com/web toolkit/>

and google groups,

Google-Web-Toolkit@googlegroups.com

and we're opensource, so come pitch in

<http://google-web-toolkit.googlecode.com/svn/>

